

An Integrated Emergency Risk Management Approach: Implementation at a Local Level

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Office of Emergency Management

- ▼ Support and assist the Minister for Emergency Services,
- ▼ Policy and coordination at State level for EM
- ▼ Lead recovery phase, and provide disaster welfare services during response phase, State Crisis Centre
- ▼ Capability development: training, exercises, grants
- ▼ Disaster funding policy and banker

Disaster Resilience Reform

- State and Local levels
- Aligns with Sendai:
 - Risk rather than event
 - Marginalised communities
 - Resilience, development and climate change
- Elements
 - State Risk Assessment (SLERA)
 - ERM framework
 - State level reform
 - Local implementation

Actions to date

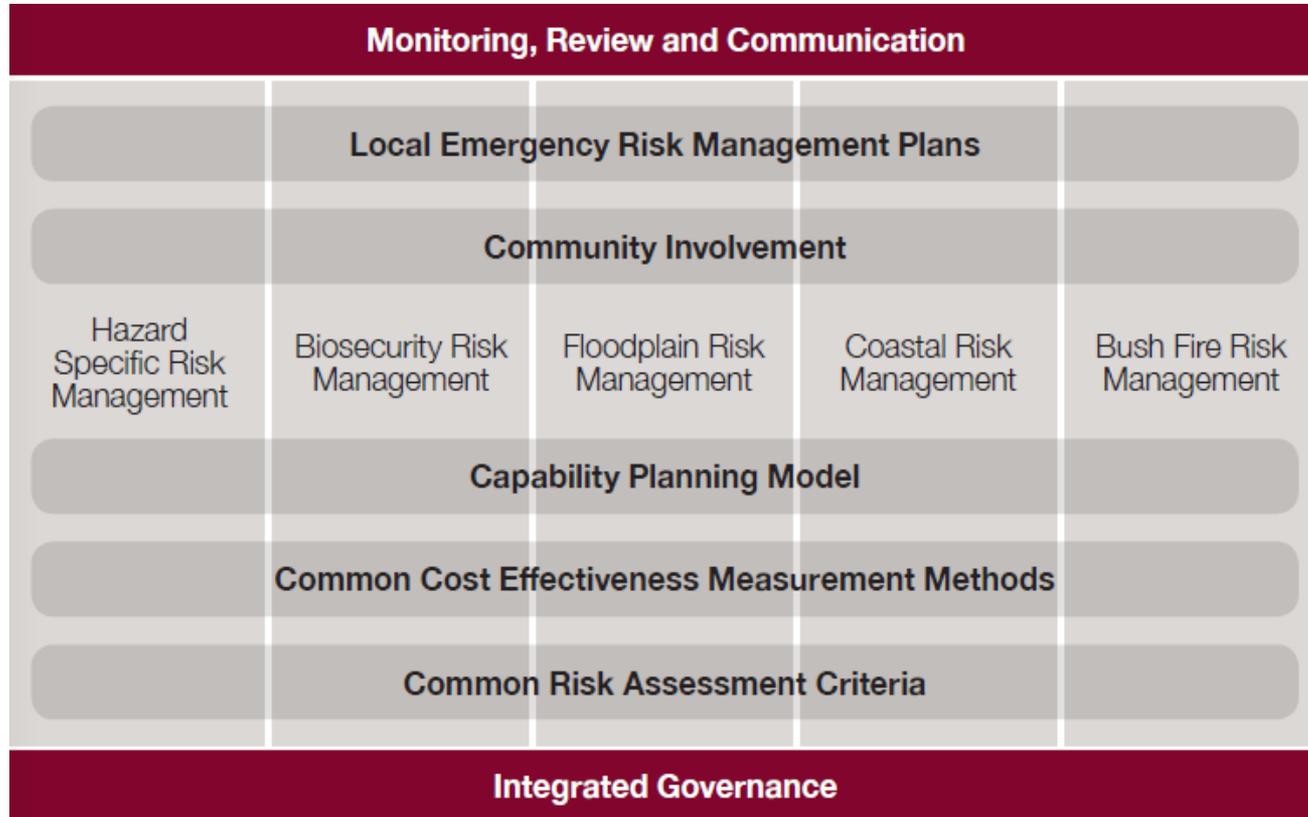
Capability development:

- Reform of training courses
- Local EM planning toolkits
- Recovery toolkits

Work on major risks:

- Mass evacuation centre
- Hawkesbury Nepean flood project
- Terrorism recovery

ERM Framework



At the local level

Current situation

- Lots of personnel: SES, RFS, REMOs etc
- Local emergency management plans are uniform/response focussed
- Hazard by hazard
- Recovery is a cold start

At the local level

ERM approach

- Integration/coordination between agency staff
- Local emergency management plans have a much broader scope involving community capability (not just uniformed), recovery and vulnerable communities
- Hazard by hazard is not lost but EM Planning considers them holistically, with more emphasis on dealing with the consequences
- Recovery capability is identified and primed before the event

Specific projects

- Critical Infrastructure Resilience discussion paper
 - Being released now
 - A new strategy mid 2018
- Counter terrorism recovery
 - New communications networks to reach office workers during events and support distributed recovery